

DM74LS181 4-Bit Arithmetic Logic Unit

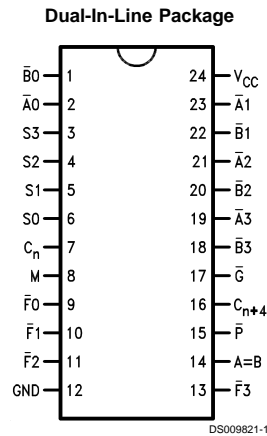
General Description

The 'LS181 is a 4-bit Arithmetic Logic Unit (ALU) which can perform all the possible 16 logic operations on two variables and a variety of arithmetic operations.

Features

- Provides 16 arithmetic operations: add, subtract, compare, double, plus twelve other arithmetic operations
- Provides all 16 logic operations of two variables: exclusive-OR, compare, AND, NAND, OR, NOR, plus ten other logic operations
- Full lookahead for high speed arithmetic operation on long words

Connection Diagram



Order Number DM54LS181J, DM54LS181W or DM74LS181N
See Package Number J24A, N24A or W24C

Pin Names	Description
A0–A3	Operand Inputs (Active LOW)
B0–B3	Operand Inputs (Active LOW)
S0–S3	Function Select Inputs
M	Mode Control Input
C _n	Carry Input
F0–F3	Function Outputs (Active LOW)
A = B	Comparator Output
G	Carry Generate Output (Active LOW)
P	Carry Propagate Output (Active LOW)
C _{n+4}	Carry Output

Absolute Maximum Ratings (Note 1)Supply Voltage
Input Voltage7V
7V

Operating Free Air Temperature Range

DM74LS

0°C to +70°C

Storage Temperature Range

–65°C to +150°C

Recommended Operating Conditions

Symbol	Parameter	DM54LS181		DM74LS181			Units
		Min	Max	Min	Nom	Max	
V_{CC}	Supply Voltage	4.5	5.5	4.75	5	5.25	V
V_{IH}	High Level Input Voltage	2		2			V
V_{IL}	Low Level Input Voltage		0.7			0.8	V
I_{OH}	High Level Output Current		–0.4			–0.4	mA
I_{OL}	Low Level Output Current		4			8	mA
T_A	Free Air Operating Temperature	–55	125	0		70	°C

Note 1: The "Absolute Maximum Ratings" are those values beyond which the safety of the device cannot be guaranteed. The device should not be operated at these limits. The parametric values defined in the "Electrical Characteristics" table are not guaranteed at the absolute maximum ratings. The "Recommended Operating Conditions" table will define the conditions for actual device operation.

Electrical Characteristics

over recommended operating free air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ (Note 2)	Max	Units
V_I	Input Clamp Voltage	$V_{CC} = \text{Min}, I_I = -18 \text{ mA}$			–1.5	V
V_{OH}	High Level Output Voltage	$V_{CC} = \text{Min}, I_{OH} = \text{Max}, V_{IL} = \text{Max}$	DM54	2.5		V
			DM74	2.7		
V_{OL}	Low Level Output Voltage	$V_{CC} = \text{Min}, I_{OL} = \text{Max}, V_{IH} = \text{Min}$	DM54		0.4	V
			DM74	0.35	0.5	
		$I_{OL} = 4 \text{ mA}, V_{CC} = \text{Min}$	DM74	0.25	0.4	
I_I	Input Current @ Max Input Voltage	$V_{CC} = \text{Max}, V_I = 7 \text{ V}$ $V_I = 10 \text{ V (DM54)}$	M input \bar{A}_n, \bar{B}_n S_n C_n		0.1 0.3 0.4 0.5	mA
I_{IH}	High Level Input Current	$V_{CC} = \text{Max}, V_I = 2.7 \text{ V}$	M input \bar{A}_n, \bar{B}_n S_n C_n		20 60 80 100	μA
I_{IL}	Low Level Input Current	$V_{CC} = \text{Max}, V_I = 0.4 \text{ V}$	M input \bar{A}_n, \bar{B}_n S_n C_n		–0.4 –1.2 –1.6 –2.0	mA
I_{OS}	Short Circuit Output Current	$V_{CC} = \text{Max}$ (Note 3)		–20	–100	mA
I_{CC}	Supply Current	$V_{CC} = \text{Max}, \bar{B}_n, C_n = \text{GND}$ $S_n, M, \bar{A}_n = 4.5 \text{ V}$	DM54		35	mA
			DM74		37	

Note 2: All typicals are at $V_{CC} = 5 \text{ V}, T_A = 25^\circ \text{C}$.

Note 3: Not more than one output should be shorted at a time, and the duration should not exceed one second.

Switching Characteristics:

for test waveforms and output load. $V_{CC} = 5V$, $T_A = 25^\circ C$

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	DM54/DM74LS		Units
			C _L = 15 pF		
			Min	Max	
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation Delay C _n to C _{n+4}	M = GND		27 20	ns
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation Delay C _n to \bar{F}	M = GND		26 20	ns
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation Delay \bar{A} or \bar{B} to \bar{G} (Sum)	M, S ₁ , S ₂ = GND; S ₁ , S ₃ = 4.5V		29 23	ns
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation Delay \bar{A} or \bar{B} to \bar{G} (Diff)	M, S ₀ , S ₃ = GND; S ₁ , S ₂ = 4.5V		32 26	ns
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation Delay \bar{A} or \bar{B} to \bar{P} (Sum)	M, S ₁ , S ₂ = GND; S ₀ , S ₃ = 4.5V		30 30	ns
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation Delay \bar{A} or \bar{B} to \bar{P} (Diff)	M, S ₀ , S ₃ = GND; S ₁ , S ₂ = 4.5V		30 33	ns
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation Delay \bar{A}_i or \bar{B}_i to \bar{F}_i (Sum)	M, S ₁ , S ₂ = GND; S ₀ , S ₃ = 4.5V		32 25	ns
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation Delay \bar{A}_i or \bar{B}_i to \bar{F}_i (Diff)	M, S ₀ , S ₃ = GND; S ₁ , S ₂ = 4.5V		32 33	ns
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation Delay \bar{A} or \bar{B} to \bar{F} (Logic)	M = 4.5V		33 29	ns
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation Delay \bar{A} or \bar{B} to C _{n+4} (Sum)	M, S ₁ , S ₂ = GND; S ₀ , S ₃ = 4.5V		38 38	ns
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation Delay \bar{A} or \bar{B} to C _{n+4} (Diff)	M, S ₀ , S ₃ = GND; S ₁ , S ₂ = 4.5V		41 41	ns
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation Delay \bar{A} or \bar{B} to A = B	M, S ₀ , S ₃ = GND; S ₁ , S ₂ = 4.5V; R _L = 2 kΩ to 5.0V		50 62	ns

Sum Mode Test Table 1 Function Inputs

$S_0 = S_3 = 4.5V$, $S_1 = S_2 = M = 0V$

Symbol	Input Under Test	Other Input Same Bit		Other Data Inputs		Output Under Test
		Apply 4.5V	Apply GND	Apply 4.5V	Apply GND	
t_{PLH} t_{PHL}	\bar{A}_i	\bar{B}_i	None	Remaining \bar{A} and \bar{B}	C_n	\bar{F}_i
t_{PLH} t_{PHL}	\bar{B}_i	\bar{A}_i	None	Remaining \bar{A} and \bar{B}	C_n	\bar{F}_i
t_{PLH} t_{PHL}	\bar{A}	\bar{B}	None	None	Remaining \bar{A} and \bar{B} , C_n	\bar{P}
t_{PLH} t_{PHL}	\bar{B}	\bar{A}	None	None	Remaining \bar{A} and \bar{B} , C_n	\bar{P}
t_{PLH} t_{PHL}	\bar{A}	None	\bar{B}	Remaining \bar{B}	Remaining \bar{A} , C_n	\bar{G}
t_{PLH} t_{PHL}	\bar{B}	None	\bar{A}	Remaining \bar{B}	Remaining \bar{A} , C_n	\bar{G}
t_{PLH} t_{PHL}	\bar{A}	None	\bar{B}	Remaining \bar{B}	Remaining \bar{A} , C_n	C_{n+4}

Sum Mode Test Table 1 Function Inputs (Continued)

$S_0 = S_3 = 4.5V$, $S_1 = S_2 = M = 0V$

Symbol	Input Under Test	Other Input Same Bit		Other Data Inputs		Output Under Test
		Apply 4.5V	Apply GND	Apply 4.5V	Apply GND	
t_{PLH} t_{PHL}	\bar{B}	None	\bar{A}	Remaining \bar{B}	Remaining \bar{A} , C_n	C_{n+4}
t_{PLH} t_{PHL}	C_n	None	None	All \bar{A}	All \bar{B}	Any \bar{F} or C_{n+4}

Diff Mode Test Table 2 Function Inputs

$S_1 = S_2 = 4.5V$, $S_0 = S_3 = M = 0V$

Symbol	Input Under Test	Other Input Same Bit		Other Data Inputs		Output Under Test
		Apply 4.5V	Apply GND	Apply 4.5V	Apply GND	
t_{PLH} t_{PHL}	\bar{A}	None	\bar{B}	Remaining \bar{A}	Remaining \bar{B} , C_n	\bar{F}_i
t_{PLH} t_{PHL}	\bar{B}	\bar{A}	None	Remaining \bar{A}	Remaining \bar{B} , C_n	\bar{F}_i
t_{PLH} t_{PHL}	\bar{A}	None	\bar{B}	None	Remaining \bar{A} and \bar{B} , C_n	\bar{P}
t_{PLH} t_{PHL}	\bar{B}	\bar{A}	None	None	Remaining \bar{A} and \bar{B} , C_n	\bar{P}
t_{PLH} t_{PHL}	\bar{A}	\bar{B}	None	None	Remaining \bar{A} and \bar{B} , C_n	\bar{G}
t_{PLH} t_{PHL}	\bar{B}	None	\bar{A}	None	Remaining \bar{A} and \bar{B} , C_n	\bar{G}
t_{PLH} t_{PHL}	\bar{A}	None	\bar{B}	Remaining \bar{A}	Remaining \bar{B} , C_n	$A = B$
t_{PLH} t_{PHL}	\bar{B}	\bar{A}	None	Remaining \bar{A}	Remaining \bar{B} , C_n	$A = B$
t_{PLH} t_{PHL}	\bar{A}	\bar{B}	None	None	Remaining \bar{A} and \bar{B} , C_n	C_{n+4}
t_{PLH} t_{PHL}	\bar{B}	None	\bar{A}	None	Remaining \bar{A} and \bar{B} , C_n	C_{n+4}
t_{PLH} t_{PHL}	C_n	None	None	All \bar{A} and \bar{B}	None	C_{n+4}

Logic Mode Test Table 3 Function Inputs

$S_1 = S_2 = M = 4.5V$, $S_0 = S_3 = 0V$

Symbol	Input Under Test	Other Input Same Bit		Other Data Inputs		Output Under Test
		Apply 4.5V	Apply GND	Apply 4.5V	Apply GND	
t_{PLH} t_{PHL}	\bar{A}	\bar{B}	None	None	Remaining \bar{A} and \bar{B} , C_n	Any \bar{F}
t_{PLH} t_{PHL}	\bar{B}	\bar{A}	None	None	Remaining \bar{A} and \bar{B} , C_n	Any \bar{F}

Functional Description

The 'LS181 is a 4-bit high speed parallel Arithmetic Logic Unit (ALU). Controlled by the four Function Select inputs (S0–S3) and the Mode Control input (M), it can perform all the 16 possible logic operations or 16 different arithmetic operations on active HIGH or active LOW operands. The Function Table lists these operations

When the Mode Control input (M) is HIGH, all internal carries are inhibited and the device performs logic operations on the individual bits as listed. When the Mode Control input is LOW, the carries are enabled and the device performs arithmetic operations on the two 4-bit words. The device incorporates full internal carry lookahead and provides for either ripple carry between devices using the C_{n+4} output, or for carry lookahead between packages using the signals \bar{P} (Carry Propagate) and \bar{G} (Carry Generate). In the ADD mode, \bar{P} indicates that \bar{F} is 15 or more, while \bar{G} indicates that \bar{F} is 16 or more. In the SUBTRACT mode, \bar{P} indicates that \bar{F} is zero or less, while \bar{G} indicates that \bar{F} is less than zero. \bar{P} and \bar{G} are not affected by carry in. When speed requirements are not stringent, it can be used in a simple ripple carry mode by connecting the Carry output (C_{n+4}) signal to the Carry input (C_n) of the next unit. For high speed operation the device is used in conjunction with the 9342 or 93S42 carry lookahead circuit. One carry lookahead package is re-

quired for each group of four 'LS181 devices. Carry lookahead can be provided at various levels and offers high speed capability over extremely long word lengths.

The A = B output from the device goes HIGH when all four \bar{F} outputs are HIGH and can be used to indicate logic equivalence over four bits when the unit is in the subtract mode. The A = B output is open-collector and can be wired-AND with other A = B outputs to give a comparison for more than four bits. The A = B signal can also be used with the C_{n+4} signal to indicate $A > B$ and $A < B$.

The Function Table lists the arithmetic operations that are performed without a carry in. An incoming carry adds a one to each operation. Thus, select code LHHH generates A minus B minus 1 (2s complement notation) without a carry in and generates A minus B when a carry is applied. Because subtraction is actually performed by complementary addition (1s complement), a carry out means borrow; thus a carry is generated when there is no underflow and no carry is generated when there is underflow. As indicated, this device can be used with either active LOW inputs producing active LOW outputs or with active HIGH inputs producing active HIGH outputs. For either case the table lists the operations that are performed to the operands labeled inside the logic symbol.

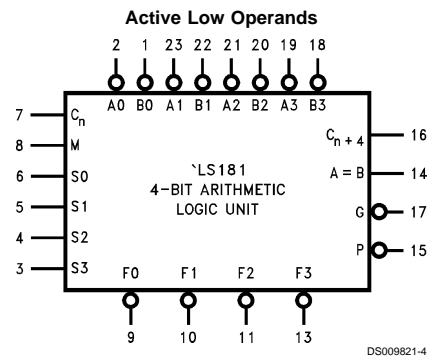
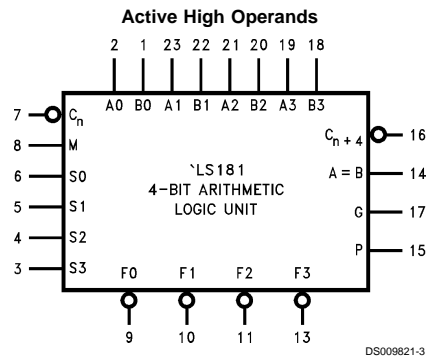
Function Table

Mode Select Inputs				Active LOW Operands & F_n Outputs		Active HIGH Operands & F_n Outputs	
S3	S2	S1	S0	Logic (M = H)	Arithmetic (Note 5) (M = L) ($C_n = L$)	Logic (M = H)	Arithmetic (Note 5) (M = L) ($C_n = H$)
L	L	L	L	\bar{A}	A minus 1	\bar{A}	A
L	L	L	H	$\bar{A}\bar{B}$	AB minus 1	$\bar{A} + \bar{B}$	A + B
L	L	H	L	$\overline{A + B}$	$\bar{A}\bar{B}$ minus 1	$\bar{A} B$	A + \bar{B}
L	L	H	H	Logic 1	minus 1	Logic 0	minus 1
L	H	L	L	$\overline{A + \bar{B}}$	A plus (A + \bar{B})	$\bar{A}\bar{B}$	A plus $\bar{A}\bar{B}$
L	H	L	H	\bar{B}	AB plus (A + \bar{B})	\bar{B}	(A + B) plus $\bar{A}\bar{B}$
L	H	H	L	$\overline{A \oplus B}$	A minus B minus 1	$A \oplus B$	A minus B minus 1
L	H	H	H	$A + \bar{B}$	A + \bar{B}	$\bar{A}\bar{B}$	AB minus 1
H	L	L	L	$\bar{A} B$	A plus (A + B)	$\bar{A} + B$	A plus AB
H	L	L	H	$A \oplus B$	A plus B	$\overline{A \oplus B}$	A plus B
H	L	H	L	B	$\bar{A}\bar{B}$ plus (A + B)	B	(A + \bar{B}) plus AB
H	L	H	H	A + B	A + B	AB	AB minus 1
H	H	L	L	Logic 0	A plus A (Note 4)	Logic 1	A plus A (Note 4)
H	H	L	H	$\bar{A}\bar{B}$	AB plus A	$A + \bar{B}$	(A + B) plus A
H	H	H	L	AB	$\bar{A}\bar{B}$ minus A	A + B	(A + \bar{B}) plus A
H	H	H	H	A	A	A	A minus 1

Note 4: Each bit is shifted to the next most significant position.

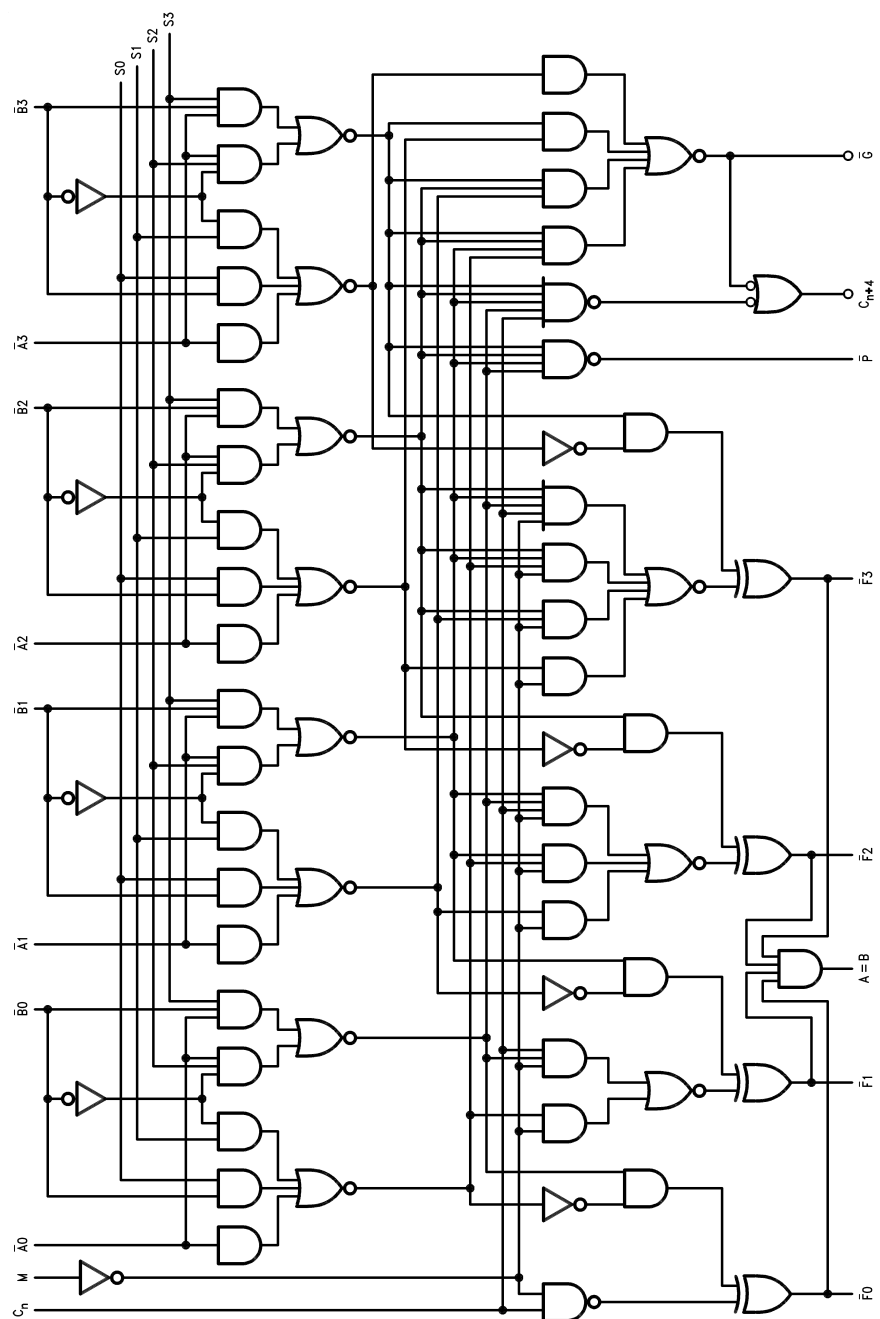
Note 5: Arithmetic operations expressed in 2s complement notation.

Logic Symbols

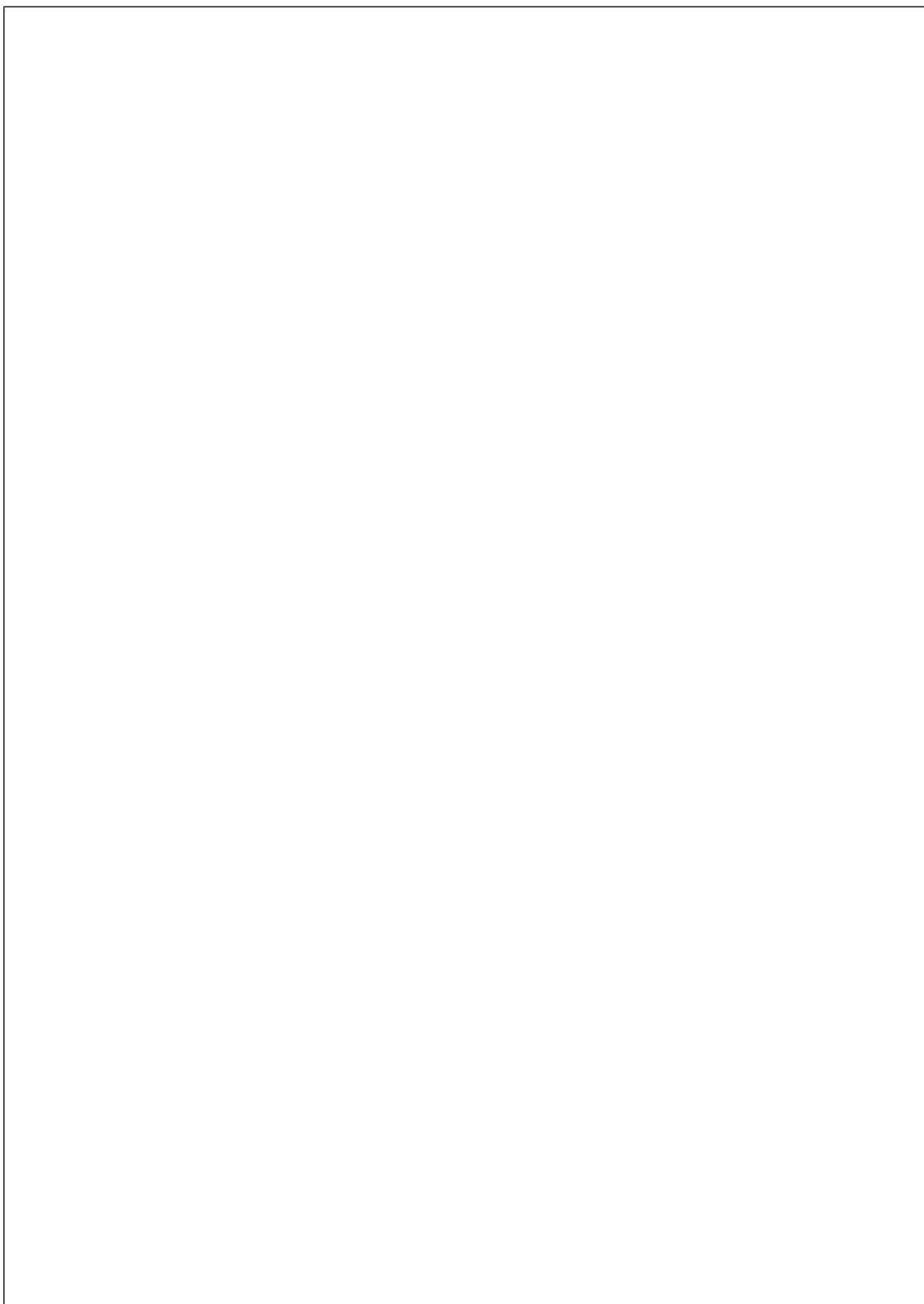


V_{CC} = Pin 24
GND = Pin 12

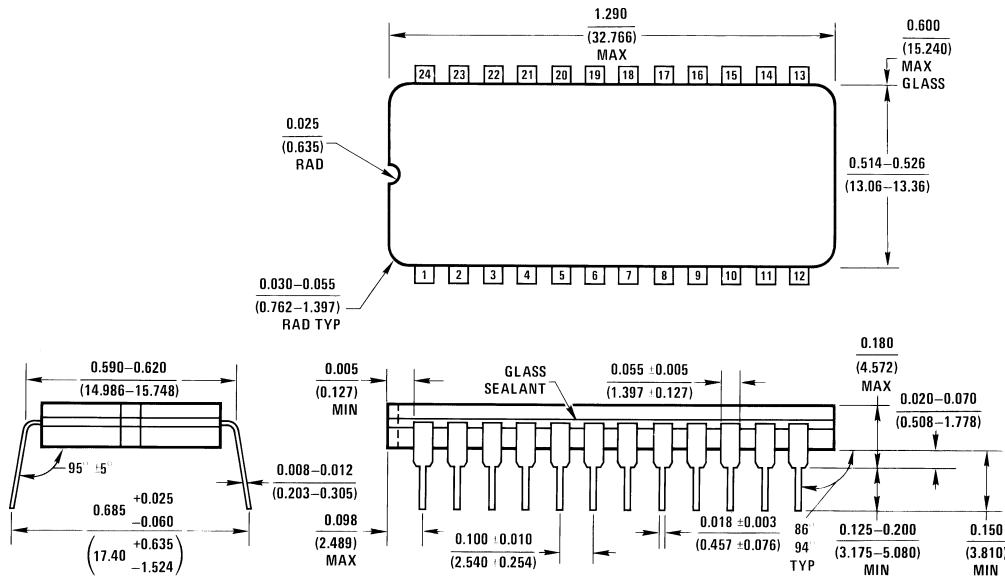
Logic Diagram



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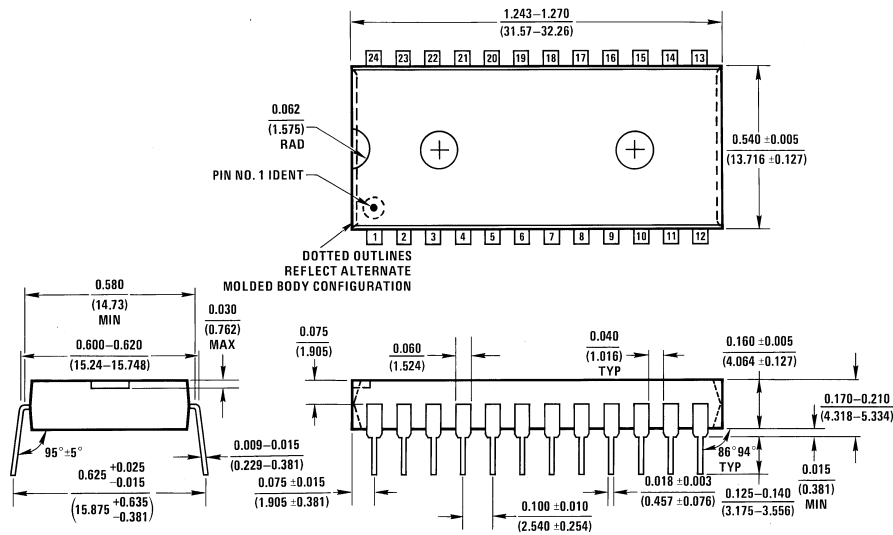


Physical Dimensions inches (millimeters) unless otherwise noted



J24A (REV H)

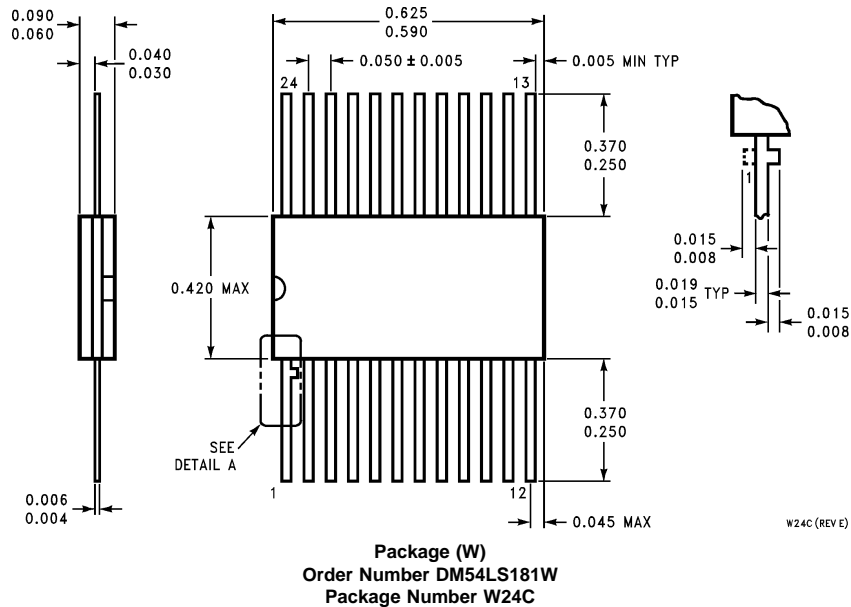
Package (J)
Order Number DM54LS181J
Package Number J24A



N24A (REV E)

24-Lead Molded Dual-In-Line Package (N)
Order Number DM74LS181N
Package Number N24A

Physical Dimensions inches (millimeters) unless otherwise noted (Continued)



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